Difference Between Population Means - CI

Heart disease patients often experience coronary artery spasms. One theory proposes that the compound serotonin may play a role in causing these spasms. In a preliminary study designed to investigate the connection between serotonin and coronary artery spasms a sample of 50 artery sections were obtained postmortem from patients that had died due to heart disease. Another 35 artery sections were obtained from patients who had died from other causes. Output 1 lists some of the summary statistics for this study.

Descriptive Statistics: Disease, Control						
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Variable	N	Mean	Median	TrMean	StDev	SE Mean
Disease	50	3741	3733	3747	1006	142
Control	35	5506	5442	5505	943	159
Variable		Minimum	Maximum	Q1	Q3	
Disease		1755	5672	3087	4548	
Control		3506	7589	4795	6177	

- 1) What is the total degrees of freedom in this study?
- 2) What is the point estimate for the true difference in serotonin levels between subjects with heart disease and those in the control group. Be sure to specify the direction of your difference
- 3) At a confidence level of 95%, what is the associated ME for the difference in serotonin levels between subjects with heart disease and those in the control group?
- 4) Use the values obtained in problems 3 and 4 to construct a 95% CI for the difference in serotonin levels between subjects with heart disease and those in the control group.
- 5) Interpret the CI developed in problem 4. Is there evidence that one group may have higher average serotonin levels than the other? If so which one? Defend your answer.

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